

DEERY AMERICAN CORPORATION

Material Safety Data Sheet

DATE PREPARED: 1/1/2010

OMB No. 1218-0072

TRADE NAMES: THERMACRETE (Gray colored hot applied mastics)

Types of THERMACRETE include: Level & Go, RRM, HT, LV and ThermaSeal versions.

IDENTITY: Hot Applied Mastic

CHEMICAL FORMULA AND CAS NUMBER: MIXTURE

BE SAFE
READ OUR PRODUCT
SAFETY INFORMATION
... AND
PASS IT ON
(PRODUCT LIABILITY LAW
REQUIRES IT)

EMERGENCY TELEPHONE NUMBERS:

Information Telephone: Normal Business Hours 1-970-858-3678

Manufacturing Plant: 1-307-778-8610

Call CHEMTREC day or night: Domestic North America 800-424-9300
International 703-527-3887 (collect calls accepted)

SECTION II – INGREDIENTS - IDENTITY INFORMATION

INGREDIENT NAME	CAS NUMBER	WEIGHT %
Mineral Filler	1317-65-3	10 – 70%
Butadiene/Styrene Copolymers	9003-55-8	5 - 25%
Polyethylene	9002-88-4	1 – 5%
Mineral Filler	14808-60-7	0 – 50%
Amorphous Silica	14808-60-7	0 – 50%
Hydro treated Heavy Napthenic Oil	64742-52-5	0 – 30%
Vulcanized Reclaimed Rubber Compound	N / A	0 – 30%
Resin Ester	N / A	0 – 20%
Deasphalted Oil	64741-95-3	0 – 15%
Styrene/Ethylene Copolymers	66070-58-4	0 – 10%
Ethylene-Butadiene Copolymer	66070-58-4	0 – 10%
Styrene/Isoprene Copolymers	25038-32-8	0 – 10%
Polyester Fibers	25038-59-9	0 – 6%
Hydrocarbon Resin	8052-42-4	0 - 15%

SECTION III – HAZARDS IDENTIFICATION

HMIS RATING

Health	1	Moderate
Fire	1	Slight
Reactivity	0	Least

The primary potential hazards associated with this product are due to skin contact with hot product and inhalation of fumes from the product and fumes generated by equipment utilized to heat the product if done so in an area without sufficient ventilation. Heating and application should be limited to outdoor, open areas.

Skin Contact: Contact with hot material will cause thermal burns. Prolonged exposure may cause dermatitis. Hot material will stick to skin.

Inhalation: Do not inhale fumes of heated material. Petroleum fumes may be emitted when heated. Fumes can be irritating to the eyes, nose, throat, skin and lungs. Fumes may cause nausea, headache, and dizziness. Prolonged exposure to fumes may cause irritation to the eyes, nose, throat, skin and lungs.

Ingestion: None expected.

Eyes: Direct contact with hot material may cause burns and blindness. Exposure to fumes or mists may cause irritation.

Health Hazards: The cool solid material is not expected to cause eye or skin irritation, nor is it expected to have acute systemic toxicity by ingestion. This material is classed as having a low order of toxicity. Operation of processing and heating equipment may release fumes that will cause pulmonary irritation if done so in an area without sufficient ventilation. CONTACT WITH HOT MATERIAL WILL CAUSE SEVERE BURNS.

Carcinogenicity: See section XI

SECTION IV – FIRST AID MEASURES

EYES: If the hot material should splash into the eyes, flush eyes immediately with fresh cool water while holding the eyelids open. See a doctor.

SKIN: If hot, melted material gets on skin, IMMEDIATELY SUBMERGE area in water. Cold water is preferable. See a doctor for extensive burns. DO NOT try to peel solidified material from skin. Do not use hydrocarbon solvents, thinners or other products that may be hazardous to dissolve the solidified material. Vegetable oil, mineral oil, baby oil or other non-hazardous products are recommended for removal of this material from the skin.

INHALATION: If there are signs or symptoms as described in the MSDS due to breathing this material, move the person to fresh air. If breathing has stopped, apply artificial respiration. Call a doctor. Seek medical attention.

INGESTION: Do not induce vomiting. Seek medical attention.

SECTION V – FIRE FIGHTING MEASURES

NFPA Hazard Rating:

Health	1	Moderate
Fire	1	Slight
Reactivity	0	Least



Flash Point – COC - 420°F Minimum (COC)

Extinguishing Media - Dry Chemical, CO2.

Special Fire Fighting Procedures - Same as oil fire.

Fire-Fighting Instructions – Use of water or foam directly on flames may spread fire. Use water spray to cool containers. Use air supplied breathing apparatus where heavy smoke occurs. Do not release fire control runoff into sewers.

Products of Combustion – Carbon Monoxide, Hydrogen Sulfide, Carbon Dioxide, Sulfur Dioxide and other products of combustion of hydrocarbons.

Auto Ignition Temperature - 600°F+

Flammability Classification – Class III B Combustible

Unusual Fire & Explosion Hazard – Smoke from fire may be hazardous

SECTION VI – ACCIDENTAL RELEASE MEASURES

Spill: Eliminate sources of ignition. Stop spill. Confine spill if necessary by diking, impoundment, or other means. Allow material to cool. Scrape or gather cooled material and prepare for disposal. Do not flush spill to sewer or other waters. Ventilate area and avoid breathing fumes. Follow appropriate OSHA regulations (29 CFR 1910.120). Cooled material is not a hazardous waste as defined by RCRA. For disposal comply with all local, federal, and state regulations regarding solid waste.

SECTION VII – HANDLING & STORAGE

Handling and Storage Precautions: Unheated material presents no known hazards. When storing, eliminate sources of ignition from vicinity of stored product.

SECTION VIII – EXPOSURE CONTROLS & PERSONAL PROTECTION

Ventilation Requirements: Melting of product and melting equipment operation must be limited to open, outside areas to insure exposure limits or threshold limit values are not exceeded. Product application should be limited to open, outside areas. For operations where fume exposure can occur or is thought to occur, a MSHA/NIOSH approved respirator may be necessary. Seek professional advice for a recommendation as to type of respirator that may be necessary.

Eye/Face Protection: For operations where eye or face contact with hot material may occur, eye protection such as safety goggles or a face shield is recommended.

Skin Protection: When heating and/or applying hot material, wear equipment that will offer protection against thermal burns and contact with hot product such as protective gloves, long sleeve shirts, and hard-soled shoes. **Do not** wear rubber or composite shoes, gloves, or any other article of clothing that may melt or otherwise be affected by heat.

Hygiene: Wash hands before eating, drinking or smoking.

SECTION IX – PHYSICAL & CHEMICAL PROPERTIES

Appearance: Solid at room temperature. Product becomes fluid once temperature is elevated beyond softening point. (Approximately 200°F)

Boiling Point: 500°F+

Incompatible Materials: Strong oxidizing agents

Hazardous Decomposition Products: See section 5

Hazardous Polymerization: Will not occur

Solubility in Petroleum solvents: Soluble

Volatility %: Less than 1%

Stability: Stable

Specific Gravity: 3.0 Maximum

Odor: Slight petroleum at room temperature. Moderate petroleum odor at 380 F.

Water Solubility: Not soluble in water

Evaporation Rate: 0%

SECTION X – STABILITY AND REACTIVITY

Polymerization: Will not occur

Hazardous Decomposition Products: See Section V

Chemical Incompatibilities: Strong oxidizing agents

Stability: Stable

SECTION XI – TOXICOLOGICAL INFORMATION

Carcinogenicity: No data

SECTION XII – ECOLOGICAL INFORMATION

Soil Absorption: None known

Environmental Degradation: No data

Environmental Transport: No data

Eco-toxicity: Unknown. No data

SECTION XIII - DISPOSAL

According to Federal regulations (40 CTR 261) this product, as supplied, is not a hazardous waste when discarded or disposed of. It is the responsibility of the user to determine, at the time of disposal if the product is a hazardous waste subject to RCRA. Transportation, storage, and disposal of RCRA waste must be conducted in compliance with 40 CTR 262, 263, 264, 268, and 270.

SECTION 14 – TRANSPORT INFORMATION

Product as Packaged and Shipped:

D.O.T. Shipping Label: N/A

Hazard Class: N/A

Shipping Name or Designation: N/A

D.O.T. ID #: N/A

Melted Product: (heated above softening point of 200°F)

Placard Requirement: 'HOT' UN3257

Packing Group: PG III

Hazard Class: 9

Shipping Name: Elevated Temperature N.O.S.

SECTION 15 – REGULATORY INFORMATION

State Regulations: The following chemicals are known to be specifically listed by various states. Contact the appropriate state regulatory agency for more specific requirements.

New Jersey Right to Know: Petroleum fumes

Minnesota Right to Know: Petroleum fumes

Rhode Island Hazardous Substances List: Petroleum fumes

California State Superfund Hazardous Substance

Massachusetts Right to Know: Petroleum fumes, petroleum distillates including heavy naphthenics

California Proposition 65 Carcinogens or Reproductive Toxins List: Petroleum fumes or distillates

Illinois Toxic Substance Disclosure to Employees list: Petroleum fumes

Pennsylvania Right to Know: Petroleum fumes

Texas Air Contaminants Screening Level

Florida Hazardous Substance List: Petroleum fumes

U.S. Federal Regulatory Information:

RCRA Hazardous Waste Classification (40 CFR 261) this material should not be hazardous

RCRA Hazardous Waste Number: No listing

CERCLA: No listing

CERCLA Reportable Quantity (RQ): This product in solid form is not a hazardous substance and does not have a reportable quantity. If spilled in liquid form into the waters of the United States, it may be reportable under the CLEAN WATER ACT.

SARA 311 Categories:	Immediate (Acute) Health Effects	Yes (when product is heated)
	Delayed (Chronic) Health Effects	Yes (when product is heated)
	Fire Hazard	No
	Sudden Release of Pressure	No
	Reactivity Hazard	No

Other regulations: None known

SECTION 16 – OTHER INFORMATION

DISCLAIMER: This information is furnished for user consideration. Deery American Corporation believes the information is accurate. Deery does not believe that information accuracy provided is all inclusive in all circumstances. Deery encourages all users to obtain current data for its intended purposes and use. Information provided herein does not include a warranty, express or implied, including a warranty of merchantability or fitness.

Date prepared: 1/1/10

Supersedes MSDS DATED May 1, 2008

Prepared to the best of our knowledge by Deery American Corporation Phone: 970-858-3678